

1400 run Nov. 28, 1960

U. S. Department of Agriculture  
Agricultural Marketing Service  
and  
U. S. Department of Commerce  
Weather Bureau

Nebr. Dept. of Agr. & Inspection  
Division of Agr'l. Statistics  
Agricultural Extension Service  
of Nebr. College of Agriculture

NEBRASKA WEEKLY WEATHER AND CROP REPORT

Release 11/29/60

Week Ending 11/28/60

WEATHER Temperatures averaged about 10 degrees above seasonal normal. Tuesday was cool, Friday was the warmest day for that late in the season for nearly all the State. Sunday was cool and Monday morning was the coldest morning this fall at many points.

Snow began late Sunday in the west and spread across the State during the night. By 6:00 a.m. Monday there were 9 inches of snow at Scottsbluff; amounts ranged downward to only a trace in the east. Many roads were closed as blizzard conditions were reported in the Panhandle. Brief thundershowers preceded the snow in the extreme east; amounts were generally less than 1/4 inch.

CROPS The harvest season is rapidly drawing to a close. The corn crop is better than 95 percent picked and less than 2 percent of the milo acreage remains for harvest. Corn harvest started about the usual time and made about average progress in October. In November, harvest picked up momentum and hit the clean-up stage a good 10 days earlier than last year or the average. Moisture content of corn and milo was reported unchanged from last week at 17 and 13 percent respectively.

Condition of winter grain crops showed a further decline due to prolonged dry weather. Some sections are critically dry and all areas need moisture. More wheatfields are off-color with a yellowish cast due to rust and lack of moisture.

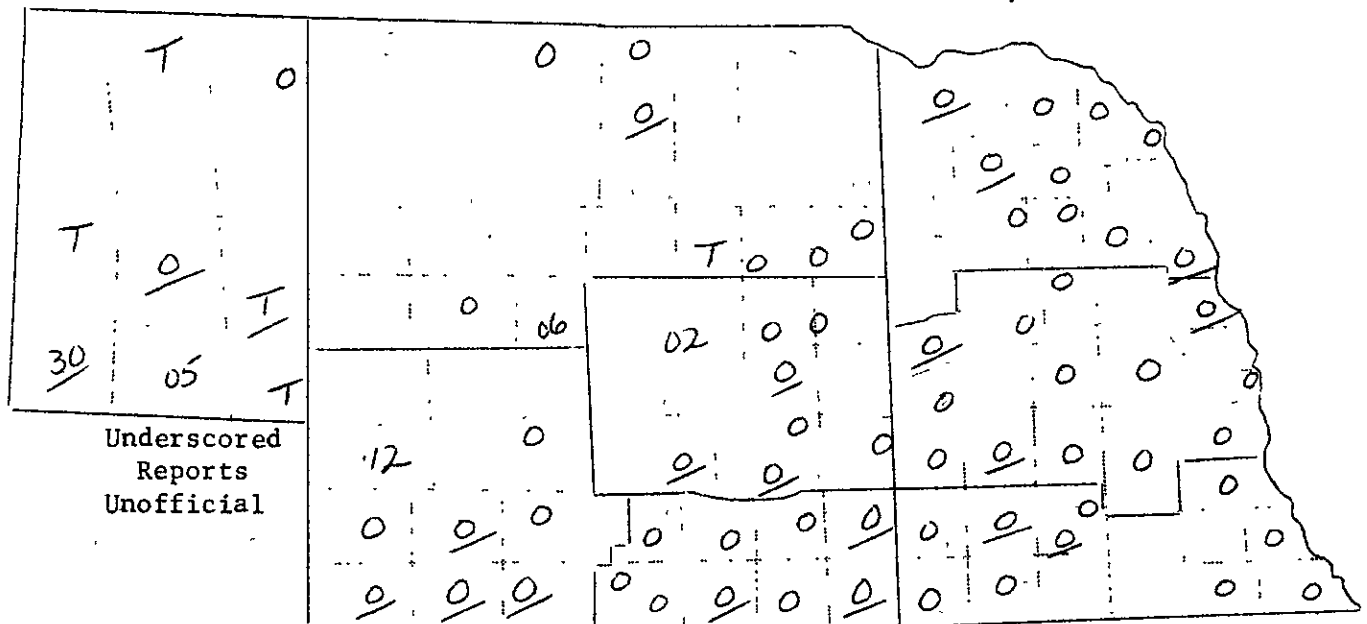
Pastures and ranges are quite dry in most areas and need moisture to soften dry, brittle feed. Corn and milo stalk fields are providing abundant roughage for livestock. Clear weather has been ideal for farm work which is well advanced for this time of the year.

LIVESTOCK The fall movement of feeder cattle from some producing sections of the State is about over, but some feeder calves are still being sold. Demand for livestock is strong reflecting abundant roughage and feed grain supplies. Open weather was favorable for utilizing field forage supplies and gleaning fields.

WEATHER BUREAU TELEGRAPHIC REPORT OF PRECIPITATION FOR WEEK ENDING NOVEMBER 28, 1960

	<u>East</u>		<u>Central</u>		<u>West</u>
Grand Island	.27	Burwell	--	Chadron	.30
Lincoln	.16	North Platte	.20	Imperial	.10
Norfolk	.90	Valentine	.11	Scottsbluff	.72
Omaha	.20			Sidney	.30
Sioux City	.50				

# PRECIPITATION MAP FOR WEEK ENDING NOVEMBER 25, 1960



HIGHEST AND LOWEST TEMPERATURE (Highs for 24 hours ending at 12:01 a.m., and lows for 12 hours ending at 6:00 a.m. CST)

		November		22nd		23rd		24th		25th		26th		27th		28th	
		Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min
NW	Chadron	68	28	44	15	55	27	66	45	74	42	66	17	27	11		
	Scottsbluff	69	23	43	20	54	28	63	33	74	33	69	25	41	11		
	Sidney	63	26	40	21	51	27	64	30	74	36	72	28	44	8		
NC	Burwell	72	30	47	14	50	26	67	29	77	38	73	21	34	--		
	Valentine	74	21	47	15	53	26	66	42	76	45	63	18	24	10		
NE	Norfolk	68	35	45	19	52	31	60	31	76	36	69	25	42	21		
	Sioux City	70	36	46	21	51	28	57	32	75	31	61	25	51	36		
CEN	Grand Island	66	36	36	23	48	33	61	35	78	41	75	27	42	17		
EC	Lincoln	65	36	46	20	49	33	55	40	77	45	63	30	58	23		
	Omaha	63	34	45	24	48	32	53	33	74	40	53	29	58	29		
SW	Imperial	67	28	45	20	51	22	69	24	77	41	71	32	44	12		
	North Platte	70	30	43	16	52	21	65	25	74	40	73	27	41	12		

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POSTAGE AND FEES PAID  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE